

620

REF 114.620



PRODUCT-SPECIFIC INFORMATION ON THIS PAGE ONLY

Disposable Examination and Protective Gloves Magic Touch® by Granberg. Nitrile, non-sterile, powder-free. White colour.

ISO 374-1/Type B ISO 374-5:2016

CE 2777
PPE Cat. III



MD

AQL 1.5



EN ISO 21420:2020

ASTM D6978-05

Available sizes	S	M	L	XL
	6/7	7/8	8/9	9/10

EN ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018 (Type B)	Permeation Performance Level	Measured Breakthrough Time (minutes)	EN ISO 374-4:2019 Mean Degradation (%)
*4% Chlorhexidine Digluconate	6	> 480	19.0
K 40% Sodium Hydroxide	6	> 480	-42.9
10-13% Sodium Hypochlorite	6	> 480	14.7
50% Sulphuric Acid	6	> 480	-20.5
10% Acetic Acid	4	> 120	66.7
5% Ethidium Bromide	6	> 480	3.4
T 37% Formaldehyde	3	> 60	5.0
M 65% Nitric Acid	0	< 10	97.6
50% Glutaraldehyde	6	> 480	27.4
0.1% Phenol	6	> 480	33.8
P 30% Hydrogen Peroxide	2	> 30	22.8
1.5% Methanol in water	6	> 480	21.9
70% Isopropanol	0	< 10	62.2
35% Ethanol	0	< 10	38.8
N 99% Acetic Acid	0	< 10	93.9
O 25% Ammonium Hydroxide	0	< 10	-52.0
3% Povidone-iodine	6	> 480	33.7
10% Sodium Percarbonate	6	> 480	15.4

* Permeation rate 7µg/cm²/min

Chemotherapy Drugs tested in accordance with ASTM D6978-05.

Chemotherapy Drug in accordance with ASTM D6978-05	Minimum breakthrough detection time in minutes
Carmustine (BCNU) 3.3 mg/ml (3,300 ppm)	Not Recommended
Cisplatin 1.0 mg/ml (1,000 ppm)	> 240
Cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan) 20 mg/ml (20,000 ppm)	> 240
Cytarabine 100 mg/ml (100,000 ppm)	> 240
Dacarbazine (DTIC) 10.0 mg/ml (10,000 ppm)	> 240
Doxorubicin Hydrochloride 2.0 mg/ml (2,000 ppm)	> 240
Etoposide (Toposar) 20.0 mg/ml (20,000 ppm)	> 240
Fluorouracil 50.0 mg/ml (50,000 ppm)	> 240
Ifosfamide 50.0 mg/ml (50,000 ppm)	> 240
Methotrexate 25.0 mg/ml (25,000 ppm)	> 240
Mitomycin C 0.5 mg/ml (500 ppm)	> 240
Mitoxantrone 2.0 mg/ml (2,000 ppm)	> 240
Paclitaxel (Taxol) 6.0 mg/ml (6,000 ppm)	> 240
Thiotepa 10.0 mg/ml (10,000 ppm)	Not Recommended
Vincristine Sulfate 1.0 mg/ml (1,000 ppm)	> 240

Latex free: yes.

This product is **Category III** Personal Protective Equipment as per Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and complies with standards: EN ISO 21420:2020, EN ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018, EN ISO 374-4:2019, EN ISO 374-2016.

Notified Body responsible for EU Type Examination (**Module B**) and for internal production control plus supervised product checks at random intervals (**Module C2**): SATRA Technology Europe Ltd. (**NB. No. 2777**), Bracelet Business Park, Clonee, D15YN2P, Republic of Ireland.

This product is classified as Class I Medical Device according to Annex VIII of the Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and complies with standards: EN 455-1, EN 455-2, EN 455-3, EN 455-4, ISO 15223-1:2021.

EU Declaration of Conformity: www.granberg.no/search

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User Manual issue date: 03.11.2022



granberggloves.com



EN USER MANUAL FOR DISPOSABLE GLOVES CATEGORY III and MEDICAL DEVICE



The User Manual should be used with product-specific information.

User Instructions should be read before using.

INTENDED USE

Powder-free examination and protective disposable nitrile gloves are intended for use in the medical field to protect patients and users from cross-contamination. These gloves are also intended to protect against certain chemicals, microorganisms where hand protection is needed.

Foodstuff-approved gloves are marked with relevant food pictograms and comply with relevant EU Regulations. Gloves should be used only according to their intended purpose.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS OF USE

This information does not reflect the actual duration of protection in the workplace and the differentiation between mixtures and pure chemicals and other factors influencing the performance such as temperature, abrasion, degradation etc. The chemical resistance has been assessed under laboratory conditions from samples taken from the palm only (except in cases where the glove is equal to or over 400 mm - where the cuff is tested also) and relates only to the chemical tested. It can be different if the chemicals used in a mixture. It is recommended to check that the gloves are suitable for the intended use because the conditions at the workplace may differ from the type test depending on temperature, abrasion, and degradation. When used, protective gloves may provide less resistance to a dangerous chemical due to changes in physical properties. Movements, snagging, rubbing, degradation caused by chemical contact, etc., may reduce the actual use time significantly. For corrosive chemicals, degradation can be the most important factor to consider in the selection of chemical-resistant gloves. Degradation levels (EN ISO 374-4:2019) indicate the change in puncture resistance of the gloves after exposure to the challenge chemical. The penetration resistance has been assessed under laboratory conditions and relates only to the tested specimens.

PRODUCT INSTRUCTION FOR USE

Before use, after donning, and during use inspect the gloves for any defect or imperfections and discontinue use immediately if signs of tearing, swelling or degradation, or any damage appear. Dry hand before donning. Ensure chemicals or residuals cannot enter through the cuff. Change glove after each patient. Always select the correct size glove for your hand. For donning, hold the glove by the bead with one hand. Align the glove thumb with your other hand thumb and slide your hand into the glove, one finger into each glove finger. Pull by the glove palm to get a good fit. Don the other glove by the same procedure. Doffing, hold glove bead and pull toward the finger until the glove come off. For Single Use only. If re-used, the risk of contamination and infection increases due to improper cleaning processes; and increased risk of holes and tear during re-use due to weakening of gloves by cleaning processes. Poorly-fitting gloves will greatly reduce dexterity and cause fatigue. Using the wrong glove size leads to inadequate hand protection. When an indication for hand hygiene precedes a contact that also requires glove usage, hand rubbing or hand washing should be performed before donning gloves and after removing gloves.

DISPOSAL

Used gloves can be contaminated and must be disposed of under hospital policy and/or local regulation.

INGREDIENTS/HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS

Components used in glove manufacturing may cause allergic reactions in some users. If allergic reactions occur, seek medical advice immediately. Where relevant, a list of substances contained in the glove that are known to cause allergies, per listed in Annex G of EN ISO 21420:2020, shall be supplied on request.

STORAGE

Store in a cool and dry place in its original package. Opened boxes should be kept away from fluorescent and sunlight. Keep the gloves away from ozone, heating devices, and the source of the fire. Gloves are packed in a dispenser box suitable for transport. Keep the gloves in the box when not in use. The shelf life for products stored as recommended is mentioned on each package. Service life cannot be specified and depends on the application and responsibility of the user to determine the suitability of the glove for its intended use.

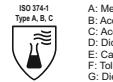
REPORTING OF INCIDENTS

In case of any serious incident occurred with the use of this device, please report it to the manufacturer and the competent Authority.

Further information can be obtained from the manufacturer, please contact Granberg AS.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS AND PICTOGRAMS USED

Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and microorganisms - Part 1: Terminology and performance requirements for chemical risks. EN ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018. Definition of breakthrough time through the glove palm (1 µg/cm²/min). Type A > level 2 for 6 chemicals, Type B > level 2 for 3 chemicals, Type C > level 1 for 1 chemical (no code under pictogram).



A: Methanol
B: Acetone
C: Acetonitrile
D: Dichloromethane
E: Carbon disulphide
F: Toluene
G: Dimethylformamide
H: Tetrahydrofuran
I: Ethyl acetate

J: n-Hexane
K: Sodium hydroxide 40%
L: Sulphuric acid 96%
M: Nitric acid 65%
N: Acetic acid 99%
O: Hydrogen peroxide 30%
P: Hydrofluoric acid 40%
T: Formaldehyde 37%

Permeation Performance Level	Measured Breakthrough Time (minutes)
0	> 10
1	> 30
2	> 60
3	> 120
4	> 240
5	> 480

*Indicates that the glove falls below the minimum performance level as stated in EN ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018 for the given individual hazard.

Additional information on chemical resistance obtainable from manufacturer.



Protection against bacteria, fungi and viruses



Fragile, handle with care



Raw material latex



Protection against bacteria and fungi, not tested against viruses



Keep away from sunlight



Do not contain natural rubber



Suitable for contact with foodstuffs. Note: not all gloves that are suitable for handling food may be suitable for all types of food. Check the Food Declaration of Compliance.



Temperature limit



Non-corrigated paperboard



Manufacturer



Do not reuse



Paper



Date of manufacture



Check User Instruction



Medical Device



Expiry date



Caution



Unique Device Identifier



Lot number



Non-sterile



Article number

NO BRUKSANVISNING FOR ENGANGSHANSKER KATEGORI III og MEDISINSK UTSTYR



Brukerveiledningen skal brukes med produktspesifik informasjon.

Brukerveiledningen må leses før bruk.

TILTENKT BRUK

Pudderfrie undersøkelse og beskyttende engangshansker av nitril tiltenkt til medisinsk bruk for å beskytte pasienter og bruker mot krysskontaminering. Disse hanskene er også ment for å beskytte mot visse kjemikalier, mikroorganismar der håndbeskyttelse er nødvendig.

ADVARSLER OG FORHOLDSREGLER VED BRUK

Denne informasjonen gjenspeiler ikke den faktiske varigheten av beskyttelse på arbeidsplassen og differensiering mellom blandingar og rene kjemikalier og andre faktorer som påvirker ytelsen som temperatur, sittasje, degradering etc. Kjemikaliebestanddelen har blitt vurdert under laboratorieforhold fra prøver tatt kun fra håndflatene (unntatt i tilfeller der hanskene er lik eller lengre enn 400 mm - hvor mansjetten også er testet) og gjelder kun kjemikaliet som er testet. Det kan være annerledes om kjemikaliet brukes i en blanding. Det anbefales å sjekke om hanskene er egnet for tiltenkt bruk fordi forholdene på arbeidsplassen kan avvike fra typetesten avhengig av temperatur, sittasje og nedbrytning. Ved bruk kan vernehansker gi mindre motstand mot farlige kjemikalier som grunn for endringar i fysiske egenskaper. Bevegelser, gnagning, gnidning, nedbryting forårsaket av kjemisk kontakt osv. kan redusere den faktiske bruksstiden betraktelig. Et ellers kjemikalier kan nedbrytning væren viktigste faktoren å vurdere ved valg av kjemikaliekonstanten. Nedbrytningsnivå (EN ISO 374-4:2019) indikerer endringen i punkteringsmotstanden til hanskene etter eksponering for det utfordrede kjemikaliet. Penetrasjonsmotstanden er vurdert under laboratorieforhold og gjelder kun de testede prøvene.

PRODUKTEILEDNING FOR BRUK

Før bruk, etter påføring og under bruk, inspisér hanskene for eventuelle defekter eller ufullkomnheter, og avbryt bruken umiddelbart hvis tegn på riveskader, hevelsler eller nedbrytning eller skade vises. Tørk hendene for du tar på deg hanskene. Sørg for at kjemikalier eller rester ikke kan komme inn gjennom mansjetten. Bytt hanskene etter hver pasient. Vel altid riktig hanskestørrelse for hånden din. For å ta på hanskene, hold dem i mansjettkanten med én hånd. Rett inn hansketommelen med den andre håndommen og skyv hånden inn i hanskene, en finger inn i hver hanskefinger. Trekk i hanskens håndflate for å få en god passform. Ta på den andre hanskene på samme måte. Ta av, hold i mansjettkanten og trekk mot fingeren inntil hanskene kommer av. Bare til engangsbruk. Hvis hanskene brukes om igjen, øker risikoen for forurensetning og infeksjon grunn til feil rengjøringsprosesser, og det er større risiko for at det oppstår hull og riffer ved gjennombrudd. Hanske med dårlig tilpasset form vil redusere fingerferdighet og forårsake tretthet. Bruk av feil hanskestørrelse fører til utstrekkelig håndbeskyttelse. Når en indikasjon på håndhygiene kommer før du tar på deg hanskene neig etter at du har tatt av deg hanskene.

KASTING/KASSERING

Brukte hanskene kan være forurenset og må kastes i henhold til sykehusets retningslinjer og/eller lokale forskrifter.

INGREDIENSER/FARLIGE KOMPONENTER

Komponenter som brukes i hanskeproduksjon kan forårsake allergiske reaksjoner hos noen brukere. H

